

**Ministry of Infrastructures and Transports  
MARITIME OFFICE OF ALGHERO**

**ORD. N. 6/2020**

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**REGULATION OF DISCIPLINE OF NAUTICAL LEISURE  
IN THE AREA OF THE MARITIME AREA OF ALGHERO**

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[...]

**CHAPTER XII**

**REGULATION OF UNDERWATER TOURIST-SPORTS ACTIVITIES**

**Art. 50 - (Application)**

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of specific regulatory provisions regarding the discipline of the activity within the Capo Caccia - Isola Piana Protected Marine Area, the rules relating to these Regulations apply, if not conflicting, also within the aforementioned Protected sea area. The provisions contained in the following articles, insofar as they are strictly related to the safety profile, apply, as far as possible, also to non-profit associations.

**Art. 51 - (Requirements for carrying out underwater activities)**

1. Educational organizations / associations and diving centers having permanent establishment in territory of the European Union, which they intend to supply within the Maritime District of Alghero organized and guided diving services for tourism-sporting purposes using as a support unit a pleasure craft, must be registered in the lists referred to in Regional Law no. 09/1999 on

26.02.1999, as amended by the Regional Law n. 20/2006 on 18.12.2006, referred to in the preamble, and in the registers kept at the territorially competent Chamber of Commerce (if applicable), as well as obtaining any authorization provision of competence of bodies or entities which the law recognizes, for various reasons, specific powers in the sectors directly or indirectly connected to the activity in question. The provisions contained in this paragraph do not apply to amateur sports associations or to non-profit associations.

2. In order to exercise the aforementioned activity within the Maritime District of Alghero, the companies / firms in question must submit a specific communication in double copy to the Maritime District Office of Alghero, as per the model in Annex 5.

3. The following documentation must be attached to the aforementioned communication, which may always be updated:

a) substitutive declaration made pursuant to D.P.R. 445/2000 (so-called self-certification), relative registration with the territorially competent Chamber of Commerce, with an indication of the underwater activities performed;

b) sports associations (amateur sports associations, non-profit associations) must prove that they are registered in the CONI register, through its federations or through affiliation with a sports promotion body recognized by the Coni itself;

c) copy of the statute in force for sports associations (amateur sports associations, associations non-profit);

d) copy of an identity document, in regular course of validity, of the lawyer representative / attorney of the firm / company referred to;

e) list of units used for diving, with an indication of their characteristics main ones (type, manufacturer, engine power and photo also in digital format of the vessel);

f) indication of the operational headquarters of the business. If the place is not located within a port / landing, it must be specified whether a launch corridor is installed on site in accordance with dictates contained in the bathing safety ordinance in force;

g) complete particulars of the captains / conductors of the pleasure craft. Such units will have to be conducted solely by the owner or by employees in possession of a nautical license, with mastery of the naval unit and of the places, also with regard to the ability to predict the changing weather and sea conditions;

h) copy of the insurance policy, made out to the firm / company or to sports associations and individuals non-profit legal entities, valid for each individual vessel, guaranteeing all persons on board and civil liability towards third parties;

i) copy of any certificate of approval / declaration of conformity;

j) copy of the engine use certificate / power declaration.

4. For the exercise of this activity, no authorization will be issued by the Alghero Maritime District Office, which, having verified the requirements, will affix a visa on the communication referred to in the previous paragraphs, returning a copy to the interested party, which must be kept on board the unit and exhibited in case of control by the competent authorities.

5. Companies are required to notify this Maritime District Office of the cessation of activity within 15 days from its occurrence.

6. Annually, the owner / legal representative of the company / firm must submit a communication certifying the will to start / continue the activity for the reference year, providing the necessary documentation proving any changes that have occurred compared to the first communication provided to the Maritime Authority of Alghero. The presentation of the aforementioned communication must in any case take place at least 15 days before the first scheduled day of activity. If no communication is submitted in a specific calendar year, the applicant can still renew the will to continue the activity in the following year by submitting all the documentation required in point 3 above.

7. The use of state-owned areas aimed at the parking and mooring of pleasure craft q, in any case, subject to the acquisition of any suitable concession / authorization titles (for example registration pursuant to Article 68 of the Navigation Code) issued by the competent bodies.

Art. 52 - (Individual diving for tourist-sporting purposes and underwater activities for scientific or video-photographic or documentary purposes)

1. Individual dives for tourist-sporting purposes, as defined above, are not subject to any specific prior authorization, subject to compliance with the rules and prohibitions referred to in this Ordinance applicable to such dives and referred to in laws and regulations call back.

2. Without prejudice to the provisions regarding the discipline of scientific activity at sea for the purpose of safeguarding navigation safety, underwater activities for scientific or video-photographic or documentary purposes, as defined above, are not generally subject to any specific preventive authorization, without prejudice to compliance with the rules and prohibitions set out in this ordinance and in the legislative and regulatory provisions referred to; by way of exception, activities of this type of professional nature may also be authorized in areas or times ordinarily prohibited under this Ordinance and other regulations referred to, subject, in this case, to the positive outcome of the specific administrative procedure outlined below.

Art. 53 - (Sea areas prohibited for scuba diving)

1. In general, the exercise of all underwater activities is prohibited during the entire calendar year:

a) at a distance of less than 200 meters from fixed fishing facilities and gillnets;

b) distance of less than 500 meters from military and merchant ships of any nationality, even if anchored outside the ports;

c) in sea areas of regular transit of ships for exit and entry into ports or for anchorages;

d) inside the ports and at a distance of less than 100 meters from the relevant breakwaters or a 500 meters from the entrance;

e) in the stretches of sea in front of cliffs or steep coasts subject to specific trade union ordinances of disqualification for reasons of public safety;

f) in the specific prohibited areas within the "Capo Caccia - Isola Piana" Marine Protected Area;

g) in the sea areas closed to bathing;

h) in the sea areas prohibited by a specific ordinance of the Head of the District.

2. For carrying out scuba diving for scientific purposes or video-photographic-documentary at a professional level or, in any case, in areas and times ordinarily prohibited pursuant to of this Ordinance and the other regulations referred to, the interested party must submit a specific request indicating:

- a) date, time and place of the dive;
- b) the number of participants in the dive and the related patents held;
- c) the names of any diving guides involved;
- d) the identifying elements of any naval units used in support;
- e) the means of communication (radio / cellular) available during the dive;
- f) a brief illustration of the purpose of the dive and the technical methods with which it is will take place.

3. The Office, having completed the necessary investigation, adopts a specific authorization measure and issues, if deemed necessary in order to ensure the safety of navigation and the protection of human life at sea, a specific Maritime Police Ordinance.

#### Art. 54 - (General rules of conduct for the diver)

1. In general, in addition to what is specifically regulated to follow in this provision - except for specific needs in the field of diving for scientific or documentary purposes, from possibly subject to authorization procedure in derogation from case by case and except as provided for underwater fishing - anyone who intends to carry out underwater activities for tourist-sporting purposes, required to:

- a) obtain information in advance about the environmental characteristics of the dive site;
- b) not to damage or remove archaeological and geological finds;
- c) do not anchor on bottoms hosting *Posidonia oceanica* meadows or other marine phanerogams on the coralligenous;
- d) do not leave any type of material underwater or on the surface;
- e) report to the Maritime Authority any presence of waste or hazardous materials, without attempting to remove them.

#### Art. 55 - (Reporting of scuba divers)

1. Every diver, whatever the purpose of the dive (organized, guided, didactic, individual), has the obligation to report when:

- a) operate with self-contained breathing apparatus; is
- b) is located outside the waters reserved for bathing.

2. Each diver, or group of divers, whatever the purpose of the dive (organized, guided, educational, individual), is obliged to adopt the signals prescribed by art. 91 of the D.M. 29 July 2008, n. 146 as well as by art. 130 of the D.P.R. 2 October 1968, n. 1639, which must therefore be understood as fully referred to herein; in particular:

- in daytime diving: float bearing a red flag with a white diagonal stripe,

visible at a distance of not less than 300 meters; if the diver is accompanied by a vehicle nautical support, the flag must be hoisted on the nautical vessel; in case of several divers in dive, only one signal is sufficient, but each diver must be equipped with at least one footboard or balloon with an inflatable surface, of a clearly visible colour and equipped with a line of at least five meters, to be used, before going back to the surface, in case of separation from the group;

- in night dives: on the surface: a yellow flashing light visible around the horizon at a distance of not less than 300 meters, to be applied to the float; underwater: every diver

while diving it must also have a light signal to be applied to the upper rear part of the body (nape or taps).

3. Each diver, or group of divers, must operate within a radius of 50 meters from the vertical of the support boat or from the float carrying the flag; if a diver, or group of divers, operates outside this distance, he must have his own independent signaling.

4. If the scuba diver is accompanied by a support boat, he must be on board present a person able to provide assistance with suitable means of communication for call for help to be used in case of need. If the dive is organized or guided or didactic, the staff on board must comply with the requirements for "persons able to provide assistance" as defined in Article 3 "definitions".

5. The foregoing provisions also apply to those who practice snorkeling outside the waters reserved for bathing. Also in this case, the organized, guided or educational snorkeling activities must comply with the requirements contained in the previous paragraph.

#### Art. 56 - (Discipline of non-professional underwater fishing - regulatory references)

1. Non-professional underwater fishing is regulated by articles 128 bis, 128 ter, 129, 130 and 131 of the D.P.R. 2 October 1968, No. 1639 and subsequent amendments, as well as by Article 6, paragraph 5, of Legislative Decree 9 January 2012, n. 4 and by the D.M. n. 249 of 01.06.1987 which must therefore be understood as fully referred to here. It also applies to reporting, as indicated in the previous art. 51, art. 91 of the D.M. 29 July 2008, n. 146.

2. Non-professional underwater fishing, in this Maritime District, is also subject to the following additional requirements:

a) during the summer bathing season, it is always forbidden in the waters in front of the beaches, in presence

of bathers, at a distance of less than 500 meters from the shore;

b) in the case of cliffs / coasts overlooking the sea, in the presence of even a single bather, during in the summer bathing season non-professional underwater fishing is prohibited at a distance of less than 100 meters from the coast;

c) it is forbidden to cross the areas frequented by swimmers with a loaded diving weapon;

3. Non-professional underwater fishing, within the perimeter of protected areas, is also regulated by the laws, by the respective implementing decrees and by other relevant regulatory standards in force.

Art. 57 - (Pursuit of organized underwater activities or aimed at obtaining patents)

1. In the waters of the Maritime District of Alghero, activities consisting in providing diving training services, organized dives, guided dives, guided snorkelling, only surface technical / logistic support for diving are subject to compliance by service providers, the obligations / prescriptions referred to in the following articles.

2. The mere rental of diving equipment remains governed by the general rules and responsibilities regarding the exercise of commercial activities and the provision of services, with the descendants and related contractual and extra-contractual responsibilities.

Art. 58 - (Rules for didactic diving and instructors)

1. The instructor in didactic diving must have a suitable license issued by one of the Federations / Associations, national or international, generally recognized and must operate within the limits imposed by your patent, assuming all civil and criminal liabilities associated with the activity turning point. Each instructor cannot simultaneously follow a number of underwater students during the dive

higher than that prescribed by the didactic rules and procedures adopted. In any case, if you work for the training of non-autonomous recreational divers, as defined in article 3, the relationship between i safety divers (dive guide) and pupils cannot exceed that of 1: 4 (in

absence of diving guide the ratio 1: 4 also applies between instructor and students); if you operate in hours

at night or with poor visibility, the relationship between safety divers and students or between instructor and students cannot exceed 1: 2.

2. During the didactic dives, an experienced RCP instructor must be present at the place of departure. (cardiopulmonary resuscitation) or a doctor expert in hyperbaric medicine or in any case a person qualified for underwater first aid. The aforementioned dives must be carried out in guaranteed favorable weather and sea conditions and in sea areas that do not conflict with the provisions contained in this ordinance; the aforementioned dives must in any case take place in sheltered places and preferably little frequented by nautical vehicles.

3. Before the start of each educational dive, a specific communication according to the model in Annex 6 must be presented to this Maritime District Office, at least 48 in advance of the aforementioned dive.

Art. 59 - (Rules for diving centers)

1. In the case of diving centers that provide guide services in diving for recreational purposes, each guide, assuming all the responsibilities associated with the activity carried out, can each conduct a maximum of 6 divers underwater in all conditions.

2. The depth limits established by the license owned by the guided divers must be respected and, in the case of different patents, the limit is that represented by the minor one.

Art. 60 - (Support boat - Rescue vehicles and safety equipment)

1. The diver (s) diving, whether organized, guided or didactic, must always be

accompanied by at least one nautical support vehicle outside the waters reserved for bathing.

2. The name of the subject carrying out the commercial activity and the numerical identification of the unit (progressive on two digits, as per the list of means attached to the communication referred to in Annex 4, followed by the letter "S") must be so as to be clearly legible to the naked eye at a distance of at least fifty meters, as well as resistant to atmospheric agents and restored in case of deterioration. The aforementioned provisions do not apply if a unit registered in the public registers kept by the Maritime Authority is used as a support unit. For amateur sports associations or non-profit associations, the identifier may be placed on a removable supposition and positioned in a clearly visible place during the dives.

3. The pleasure craft used as nautical means of support for the scuba diving performed by companies / sports clubs / associations / companies for the exercise of organized activities or for diving didactic, in addition to individual and collective rescue vehicles and safety equipment indicated in Annex V of the Ministerial Decree 29 July 2008 n. 146 (whose norms must be understood here in full referred to), must have on board the additional equipment required by art. 90 of the aforementioned Ministerial Decree,

or:

a) a reserve cylinder of at least 10 liters for every five divers on board, containing gas breathable and equipped with two regulators and, in the event of a night dive, an underwater light stroboscopic;

b) in the case of dives that include mandatory decompression stops, in place of the reserve cylinder referred to in letter a), a decompression station is required. The station is equipped with a breathable gas supply system capable of ensuring the execution of the latest two decompression stops for each diver engaged in this type of dive;

c) a unit for the administration of oxygen with characteristics compliant with standard EN 14467;

d) a first aid kit compliant with the provisions of the Ministerial Decree 01.10.2015, and a mask insufflation, regardless of the navigation actually carried out;

e) a metric wave (VHF) transceiver apparatus, also portable, regardless of the navigation actually carried out.

4. The aforementioned nautical vehicles must also have on board:

a) an additional suitable means of communication that allows contacting the rescue centers of area (equipped with spare batteries or cable for recharging by means of on-board battery);

b) table showing the telephone numbers and radio listening frequencies of the main rescue centers local (Maritime Authorities, Hospitals and Health Centers);

c) megaphone and / or sound device designed to call the attention of any units in transit.

5. The nautical support units, during night diving activities for tourist and sporting purposes, must keep the lights on as prescribed by the current legislation on the subject (Regulations for preventing collisions at sea - COLREG 1972). This paragraph also applies in the case of individual dives, as defined above, if carried out with the support of a nautical vessel.

6. Within the protected areas, underwater tourism operators, for their activities, may only use nautical vessels of the type and power prescribed by the regulations governing the activities permitted therein.

7. The unit must in any case be equipped with any other authorization, if required by current regulations to operate in particular areas with limited use.

8. During the organized, guided or educational dive, the presence on board of a person capable of providing assistance as defined in Article 3 of this Ordinance is required. This person may or may not be an instructor or guide, but - in this case - he cannot dive as an "escort" in the water of the scuba divers if he is not first replaced on board the unit by another suitable person, as specified above.

9. This article applies in full even in the event that the service provider only provides the surface technical / logistic support service for diving.

Art. 61 - (Diving without nautical vessel support)

1. During the organized, guided and didactic dives, at the place of departure on land, which will have to always be manned by personnel qualified for first aid and from which divers will not be able more than 100 (one hundred) meters away, the following minimum equipment must always be available safety:

a) one cylinder of at least 10 liters for every five divers, containing breathable gas and equipped with two

dispensers;

- b) a first aid kit compliant with table D of Annex 1 to the Decree of the Ministry of Health dated 01.10.2015 and an insufflation mask;
- c) a means of communication that allows contacting the rescue centers in the area;
- d) table showing the telephone numbers of the main local rescue centers (Maritime Authorities, Hospitals, Medical Guards, Hyperbaric Centers).

#### Art. 62 - (Obligations related to diving safety)

1. Providers of services related to diving activities, whether they are educational organizations, diving centers, instructors or diving guides, or the service provided for a fee or free of charge, must take out suitable insurance for the risks deriving to people (including instructors, guides, staff) from participation in the activities carried out.
2. This insurance is additional to and not a substitute for that prescribed by the provisions on the circulation of vessels, necessary to cover the civil liability deriving from the circulation of the nautical vehicles used to support diving.
3. Equipment owned, or in any case used by the service provider to be put available in favor of customers / associates / members, must be in accordance with the law, in excellent condition and revised regularly, as well as, where required, with a valid test certificate.
4. For each dive site, the service provider, be it an educational organization, a dive center, an instructor or a dive guide, must perform a preventive "risk assessment" that includes and considers at least the following assumptions:
  - a) tides and currents;
  - b) nature and depth of the seabed and the presence of any obstacles (pipelines, conduits, wrecks, etc.);
  - c) underwater visibility and possible sources of cloudiness (pollution, mucilage, etc.);
  - d) methods of entering and exiting the water (also in relation to the characteristics of the nautical vessel of support, if any);
  - e) presence and type of maritime traffic or fishing activities;
  - f) level of preparation necessary for the participants to face the dive.
5. The service provider must ensure that the size of the group and the capacity of the members of the diving team at his disposal are appropriate to allow all diving activities to be carried out safely.
6. In the case of night dives, the service provider is obliged to submit a specific prior notification to this Alghero Maritime District Office according to the model in Annex 6, at least 24 hours before the aforementioned dive.

#### Art. 63 - (Communications to the dive participant)

1. In the case of dives for educational or organized or guided purposes, before the start of the dive the service provider, the instructor and / or the guide must communicate to the participating divers appropriate information relating to the dive to be made; in particular:
  - a) location and physical characteristics of the site;
  - b) itinerary that will be followed in the water;
  - c) specific current and wave conditions;
  - d) general dangers of diving (if necessary based on the level of experience of the divers participants) and those specific to the chosen site;
  - e) living organisms that can meet and / or observe each other;
  - f) the most appropriate methods and techniques for diving and exiting the water;
  - g) the most basic manual signals for non-verbal communication to be used in case of need;
  - h) particular behaviors to be held based on other current regulations;
  - i) any other information that the service provider, instructor and / or guide deems useful and necessary for conducting the dive safely.

#### Art. 64 - (Registration obligations)

1. For each nautical unit used as a means of support for didactic, organized or guided dives, a summary sheet of the diving must be kept on board, as well as regularly and systematically filled out (in compliance with the facsimile in Annex 7 to this ordinance) containing:
  - a) the identification details of the vessel used for the activity;

- b) number, age and names of participants in each individual dive;
- c) the indication of the patents owned by them;
- d) the names of the instructor (s) and / or dive guides;
- e) the area of use;
- f) the start and end time of the activity (at least approximate where possible);
- g) name of the conductor and details of his nautical license.

2. The compilation of this form must be done before departure from the nautical base for the transfer trip to the chosen dive site. The collection of cards, which in its title page must contain the details of registration in rolls or registers, required by current regulations national / regional, educational organization, diving center, instructors and guides divers as well as the type of license held by the guides / instructors, must be made available of the Police Bodies whenever required or necessary in an emergency.

3. For shore dives without the support of a nautical vessel, the recording of the data referred to in this article must take place in the same manner as in points 1 and 2 above with the exception of the data referred to in letters a) and g) of point 1.

#### Art. 65 - (Final provisions)

Individuals who undertake individual dives, as defined in the introduction, must in any case comply with the provisions of articles 49, 50, 51 and 56, paragraph 5.

### CHAPTER XIII TRAILED SNORKELING

#### Art. 66 - (Safety requirements and rules of conduct)

1. The towed snorkelling activity is allowed during the day with guaranteed favorable marine weather conditions at a distance between 300 (three hundred) meters and 500 (five hundred) meters from the shore line and / or the coast.

2. The conductor of the pleasure boat used for towing must be at least 18 years old and in possession of a nautical license. He must be assisted by a person experienced in swimming whose job is also to supervise the towed swimmer. It is the responsibility of the owner of the activity or, failing that, of the conductor to ensure the presence on board of the person expert in swimming.

3. During towing, an adequate safety speed must be maintained based on an objective risk assessment by the driver of the towing unit.

4. The towing vessel must be equipped in addition to the safety equipment provided for in Article 54 and in Annex V of the Ministerial Decree 146/2008 and regardless of the distance from the coast, it must be equipped with the following devices:

- a) suitable coupling and towing system (a coupling and towing system is considered suitable if it allows, in any towing condition, the quick release of the towing cable in case of emergency);
- b) a large convex rear-view mirror recognized as suitable (the convex rear-view mirror considered suitable if it allows the driver of the driving unit to have a view of the person towed in any towing condition);
- c) a device for reversing and putting the engine in "neutral";
- d) a first aid kit compliant with the provisions of Table "D" attached to the Ministerial Decree 01.10.2015 of the Ministry of Health;
- e) a gaffa;
- f) a ready-to-use lifebuoy equipped with a floating line of no shorter length to 30 (thirty) meters;
- g) an approved VHF device, also portable, for any assistance communications and / or rescue.

5. The unit engaged in the towing activity cannot carry out other activities at the same time.

6. the propulsion of the motor boat must be by water jet or with a caged propeller in such a way as to prevent contact of the propeller with the towed subject.

7. The distance between the towing boat and the towed person must never be less than 10 (ten) meters or more than 30 (thirty) meters during the operating phases.

8. On the towing unit, in addition to the driver and the person skilled in swimming, there can be a number of occupants who, added to the towed person, does not exceed the maximum limit of transportable people for said unit.

9. During the performance of the activity, the driving unit must display the signal referred to in Article 130 of Presidential Decree 1639/1968.

10. Each towing unit can tow one snorkeler at a time.

11. In areas frequented by swimmers or reserved for bathing, the crossing of the band reserved for bathing is allowed through the launch corridors at the minimum speed allowed for maneuvering with the hull in displacement and in any case not exceeding 3 (three) knots. The launch corridor cannot be occupied by more than one vehicle at a time. In addition, the tenant must use every precaution suggested by the nautical expert in order to avoid accidents;

12. Outside the summer bathing season, where there is no launch corridor, the towing unit the swimmer can carry out the start from the shore, the towing activity and the return only in open water by bathers or other units, using any technical-nautical expertise in order to avoid accidents.

13. The user is obliged to wear suitable buoyancy aid, compatible with the characteristics of the equipment.

14. It is mandatory for the user and the operator to observe all the provisions set out in the instruction booklet prepared by the person who markets the equipment, with particular reference to individual protective devices.

15. The service providers related to the activity must take out appropriate insurance for the risks arising from participation in the activities carried out by the participants.

16. This insurance is additional to and not a substitute for that prescribed by the provisions on the circulation of vessels, necessary to cover civil liability arising from the circulation of the nautical vehicles used to support the activity.

Art. 67 - (Limits and prohibitions of navigation)

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of its current Bathing Safety Ordinance and that relating to distance limits from the coast in the Porto Torres Maritime Compartment, the units used in the exercise of towed snorkeling are prohibited from navigating:

a) within the ports of the Maritime District of Alghero, at a distance of less than 500 meters from the entrance and along the access routes to them;

b) at a distance of less than 300 meters from the beaches and more than 500 meters from the coast;

c) in the stretches of water forbidden to navigation for sanitary reasons;

d) from sunset to sunrise and in adverse weather and sea conditions and visibility;

e) in areas intended for anchoring ships and at a distance of less than 500 meters from merchant ships or military even at anchor;

f) less than 100 meters from the floats or units that signal the presence of divers in immersion;

g) at a distance of less than 200 meters from fixed plants, gill nets and plants of aquaculture.

h) within the "Capo Caccia - Isola Piana" marine protected area.

i) it is also forbidden:

j) race at speed;

k) use breathing aids for the towed person;

l) use jet skis to carry out the activity referred to in this Chapter.

2. In order to prevent situations of danger or hindering navigation, it is forbidden to follow the towing units at a distance less than the minimum safe distance, on the wavy furrow left behind.

3. The aforementioned limits do not exempt the tenant from the obligation, suggested by the nautical report and taken into account

of the technical-nautical characteristics of the vehicle he is driving, to keep at a distance of higher security due to any contingent circumstance. Navigation is conducted with diligence and caution such as not to compromise the safety of navigation and the safety of life human in the sea.

4. In the event of carrying out the activity within a stretch of water approved in concession by the competent Authority or during demonstration events, the exercise is regulated by a special Maritime Police Ordinance, also in derogation of the above prohibitions.

[...]



(Fines)

Violators of this Ordinance, as well as being civilly and criminally responsible for any damage caused to people, animals and / or things will be punished, if the fact does not constitutes, depending on the case, a different crime or administrative offense, pursuant to articles 1161, 1164, 1174, 1218 and 1231 of the Navigation Code, of the Legislative Decree 9 January 2012, n ° 4 or, in the case of violations committed with pleasure craft, pursuant to art. 53 and following of the Legislative Decree of 18 July 2005, n.171 and subsequent amendments and additions, as well as pursuant to any other relevant regulatory provision of the sector.

Alghero, 15.05.2020

IL COMANDANTE

T.V. (CP) Pierclaudio MOSCOGIURI

Documento informatico, firmato digitalmente ai sensi del testo unico D.P.R. 28 dicembre 2000 n. 445, D.Lgs. 7 marzo 2005 n. 82 e norme collegate.

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